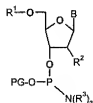


## IN THE CLAIMS

1. (original): A process for the purification of an oligonucleotide synthon, which comprises subjecting an organic solution comprising an oligonucleotide synthon and lower molecular weight impurities to nanofiltration whereby the ratio of an oligonucleotide synthon to lower molecular weight impurities in the solution is increased after the nanofiltration.
2. (original): A process according to claim 1, wherein the oligonucleotide synthon is a nucleoside phosphoramidite or nucleoside H-phosphonate.
3. (currently amended): A process according to claim 2, wherein the oligonucleotide synthon is a compound of formula (1):



wherein  $R^1$  is a protecting group,  $B$  is a nucleoside base,  $R^2$  represents  $-H$ ,  $-F$ ,  $-OR^4$ ,  $-NR^5R^6$ ,  $-SR^7$ , or a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, each  $R^3$  independently is a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group,  $PG$  is a phosphorus protecting group,  $R^4$  represents  $-H$ , a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted aralkyl, an alcohol protecting group, or  $-(CH_2)_q-NR^8R^{10}$ ,  $R^5$  and  $R^6$  are each, independently,  $-H$ , a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, or an amine protecting group, or  $R^5$  and  $R^6$  taken together with the nitrogen to which they are attached are a heterocycl group,  $R^7$  represents  $-H$ , a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, or a thiol protecting group,  $R^8$  and  $R^{10}$  are each, independently,  $-H$ , a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic group, a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaralkyl group or an amine protecting group, or  $R^8$  and  $R^{10}$  taken together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a heterocycl group; and  $q$  is an integer from 1 to about 6.

4. (original): A process according to claim 3, wherein PG is a betacyanoethyl group, and each R<sup>3</sup> is an isopropyl group.
5. (previously presented): A process according to claim 1, wherein a polyimide nanofiltration membrane is employed.
6. (previously presented): A process according to claim 1, wherein a nanofiltration membrane having a molecular weight cut off of 400 is employed.
7. (previously presented): A process according to claim 1, wherein the process is operated in cross flow configuration.
8. (previously presented): A process according to claim 1, wherein the process employs a pressure of from 15 to 35 bar.
9. (previously presented): A process according to claim 1, wherein fresh organic solvent corresponding to the volume passed through the nanofiltration membrane is added into the retained synthon solution.
10. (new): A process according to any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein a polyimide nanofiltration membrane having a molecular weight cut-off of 400 is employed.
11. (new): A process according to claim 10, wherein the process is operated in cross flow configuration.
12. (new): A process according to any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein a polyimide nanofiltration membrane is employed and fresh organic solvent corresponding to the volume passed through the nanofiltration membrane is added into the retained synthon solution.
13. (new): A process according to claim 12, wherein a polyimide nanofiltration membrane having a molecular weight cut-off of 400 is employed.
14. (new): A process according to claim 13, wherein the process is operated in cross flow configuration.